

KEY CONCEPT

For Your Notebook

Properties of Exponents

p. 330

Let a and b be real numbers and let m and n be integers.

Property Name	Definition	Example
Product of Powers	$a^m \cdot a^n = a^{m+n}$	$5^3 \cdot 5^{-1} = 5^{3+(-1)} = 5^2$
Power of a Power	$(a^m)^n = a^{mn}$	$(3^3)^2 = 3^6$
Power of a Product	$(ab)^m = a^m b^m$	$(2 \cdot 3)^4 = 2^4 \cdot 3^4$
Negative Exponent	$a^{-m} = \frac{1}{a^m}, a \neq 0$	$7^{-2} = \frac{1}{7^2} = \frac{1}{49}$
Zero Exponent	$a^0 = 1, a \neq 0$	$(-89)^0 = 1$
Quotient of Powers	$\frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n}, a \neq 0$	$\frac{6^{-3}}{6^{-6}} = 6^{-3-(-6)} = 6^3$
Power of a Quotient	$\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^m = \frac{a^m}{b^m}, b \neq 0$	$\left(\frac{4}{7}\right)^2 = \frac{4^2}{7^2}$

Evaluate the expression.

a. $(-3^2 \cdot 5)^3 = (-45)^3 = -91,125$

b. $\left(\frac{1^4}{3^2}\right)^{-2} = \left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^{-2} = \frac{1^{-2}}{9^{-2}} = \frac{9^2}{1^2} = \frac{81}{1} = 81$

Shortcut:
negative exponent

$$\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{-4} = \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^4$$

Change level ... make positive

$$\frac{a^{-3} b^2}{c^{-4}} = \frac{b^2 c^4}{a^3}$$

Simplify the expression.

a. $w^5 w^{-8} w^6 = w^3$

b. $\left(\frac{c}{d^{-4}}\right)^{-2} = \left(\frac{d^{-4}}{c}\right)^2 = \frac{d^{-8}}{c^2} = \frac{1}{c^2 d^8}$

c. $\frac{a^{-3} b^2}{a^5} = \frac{a^{-3} b^2}{a^5} = a^{-8} b^2 = \frac{b^2}{a^8}$

What is the simplified form

$$\text{of } \left(\frac{a^2 b^{-1}}{2a^3 b^2} \right)^3 ?$$

$$= \frac{a^6 b^{-3}}{2^3 a^9 b^6} = \frac{a^{-3} b^{-9}}{8}$$

$$= \frac{1}{8 a^3 b^9}$$

Scientific Notation

$$\underline{\underline{(1.2 \times 10^{-3})}} \underline{\underline{(6.7 \times 10^{-7})}} = (1.2)(6.7) \times 10^{-10}$$
$$8.04 \times 10^{-10}$$

$$\frac{1.1 \times 10^{-3}}{5.5 \times 10^{-8}} = \frac{1.1}{5.5} \times 10^5$$
$$0.2 \times 10^5$$
$$2 \times 10^4$$

HW = p. 333/ # 1, 2, (3 - 36 mult of 3), 37 - 39, 50, 52, 61, 62
Due Thursday

$$12. \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{-5} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^4 = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^5 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^4 = \frac{\cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{2}}{\cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3}}$$

$$27. (w^3 x^{-2})(w^6 x^{-1})$$

$$= \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)$$

$$w^3 \cdot w^6 \cdot x^{-2} \cdot x^{-1}$$

$$w^9 \cdot x^{-3}$$

$$\frac{w^9}{x^3}$$